The Millheim Journal.

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THE OLD HOME.

Back to the old home,
With its ivy-clothed wall,
Its long running porch,
Its windows so tall;
Back to the old home,
With its fires so bright,
Its joys and its sports
Through the long winter night.

Back to the old home,
To its clear running brooks,
Its vales and meadows,
Its romantic nooks,
Its birds, trees and flowers,
That bloomed sweetly there;
Its tall, stately mountains,
Its cool balmy air.

Back to the old home;
It was there in my youth
I learned my first lessons
Of wisdom and truth,
Like angels of good,
They attended my ways,
When lonely my journey,
When dreary my days.

Where are my friends?
Oh! tell me, I pray;
Alas! like the years
They have gone and away.
Like sunbeams they came,
And as soon were they gone,
And now I am left
To mourn them alone.

There did I muse
In the quiet of eves,
Not a sound to disturb,
Save the rustle of leaves.
The birds to their rest
In the tree-tops had gone,
And hushed for a time
Their burden of song,

ARIADNE'S PROPHECY.

"You will be famous yet, Paul, believe me!"

These words were uttered in a sweet, earnest tone; the speaker was a fair young girl, standing in the moonlight beside her lover. A mansion with princely walls gleamed white from among the distant shrubbery; and forth from that mansion her girlhood home, had Ariadne Homer stolen to meet her lover for the last time. For the arrogance of the purse proud rich man had done its work; the boy-artist, the dreamer, he who is richer far in his dowried soul than the great manufacturer, Amos Homer had been forbidden those walls and the favoring glances of that rich man's daughter.

"I wish my faith were as strong as yours, Adne!" he said, doubtingly.

"It should be, Paul," replied the girl. "My heart is a true prophet; I can always trust its teachings. You will come back some day, and then——"

She stopped suddenly, and then added, "And Paul I will be true and patient, and await the day of your coming." And a small white hand stole into his.

"It is enough, Adne. It is more than I deserve—more than I hoped. Now I can go forth from the humble home of my boyhood and wrestle manfully with life, bearing with me the words you have this night spoken. Adne, you have saved me. You shall be my good angel, my prophet, my guiding star. Now good by, darling, and God keep you when I am over seas and bring me again to your side!"

And there, under the tender moonlight and the linden shade, they parted.

Bridging over five long years of toil and endeavor, and study, we come to a time in Paul Dillard's life when that life seemed fairest and best, because, his dreams fulfilled, his feet fairly set upon the highway of fame and fortune, he began to turn his gaze homeward to the land where his heart lay—over the ocean.

But few letters had found their way to the toiler, and those were all penned in the brown weather stained farm house at Spring Meadow—none from Ariadne Homer. But these he did not expect; relying implicity on her faith, he had asked no token.

And how is it with her? Ah, hearts will change, and gold is a strong lure; it has won many before now, and this girl, bred in affluence, the pet of an idolizing father, is no wiser nor better. And then Paul Dillard at best was but a boy and a dreamer. He could never bring her to a home like that to which she had been accustomed, or like the one old John Etheridge offered her.

Thus it happened the twilight of the same eve that joined the lives if not the hearts of Ariadne and John Etheridge—brought back Paul Dillard to his boyhood's home. Honors and laurel wreaths had all faded before the beacon light of love guiding him homeward. The faintest rays of lingering golden twilight shot upwards through the dusky bars that latticed the west in the dim gray twilight, when the old-fashioned stagecoach set down a weary, travel-stained, bearded, foreign-looking man at a bend in the dusty country highway; and a few minutes' brisk walk brought him into the green grassy lane leading to Jonas Dillard's farmhouse.

He will pass over his welcome in that home where he was so loved, but when he retired that night there were tears in the proud mother's eyes as she pressed her quivering lips to his cheek; and Jonas Dillard's own were not dry.

"Paul's turned out the right sort of stuff, after all. He'll do something for us our old age yet. 'Twant a bad move, his going off to furrin parts, was it, mother?"

When the old farmhouse was still, and the night shadows had lengthened on Tower Hill, Paul Dillard softly lifted the doorlatch of the large "spar chamber" and stole down the winding staircase. Sliding back the bolt of the old oaken door, he stood in the outer air.

He had not slept; many thoughts crowded upon him—thoughts of her whose eyes had lured him homeward. The night was calm and warm; a dark blue, star studded sky bent down upon him. Two miles distant lay the village in whose suburbs, on a linden-crowned hill, stood Amos Homer's mansion. He stood a moment on the broad doorstep, then passed down the grassy lane and out into the highway. Then setting off at a brisk pace, a turn in the road soon brought him in view of Amos Homer's mansion. Every window was ablaze with light, and as he gained a closer proximity, he paused and leaned against the white railing which outskirted the grounds.

Placing one hand on the railing he lightly leaped it, and stood within the grounds of the mansion. Nearing one of the windows, he looked and what he saw made his heart almost stand still. Ariadne, his plighted wife, in wedding robes.

It was enough. One glance told him all. His head on his breast and his thoughts he knew not where, he again sought his home. The night passed, though it seemed it would never end. And there was no trace on his face of his struggle when he came down the next morning.

"Mother," he said, after breakfast, "I shall have to get away from you again. You will not think it hard if I leave you for Boston to-morrow. I have some orders that must be executed before the foreign steamer sails."

"But I thought you had come to tarry here, Paul. And then you are sick, I know you are; and you will wear yourself out with work."

"O, never you fear, mother; I am not ill. I look pale always, now. If I have leisure, I will run up among these New Hampshire hills again in a fortnight or so; but if I am very busy I shall write for you to bring Mary to Boston to join me. O, yes, mother, I'll have time yet for rest and recreation before I go over seas again."

"Again! And must you cross the Atlantic once more? O, my son, we do not want riches or comforts, if we are to be divided from you. Do not go from home again. Stay with us, Paul," urged Mrs. Dillard.

"Nay, mother," said Paul, gently, but firmly, "you would not have me remain here an idler, a drone. I must return to Italy."

An Italian sun was setting behind a low range of hills that skirted a broad Roman Campagna, as two travelers, one an invalid, alighted from a diligence at an humble hostelrie, whose brown vine-covered walls slept under the protecting shelter of a grove of drawf cedars.

The invalid was an old man, the other a beautiful, sad faced woman. And that wasted, wan sufferer, and that beautitul, but pale woman, were John and Ariadne Etheridge.

In all respects she had been to him a faithful wife. And so she had accompanied him across the seas to Italy, day by day attending him unwearedly with gentle fingers and tender care. But John Etheridge was a doomed man; all that long summer day had his strength waxed fainter; and when they lifted him carefully from the cushions and bore him within the mountain inn, even then the death angel entered beside him.

There was one other traveler who came slowly down the hillside path and sought the hostel's shelter that night—a dark, pale man, with sketch-book in hand, and enveloped in the folds of an ample Roman cloak. And while the shadows gathered deeper and the rain pattered on the low roof, the stranger threw himself on the rude wooden bench beside the window, and with face buried in his hands seemed lost in thought or slumber.

The evening wore later; the hotel keeper and his wife had sought their slumbers; the stranger still lay wrapped in his cloak-folds and almost lost in the dark shadows; but in an humble inner room Ariadne Etheridge and her faithful man-servant watched the flickering lamp of life. For an hour he dozed heavily, then the waning flame flashed up with fitful radiance; he started from his pillow and said gasp ingly: "Wife! Ariadne!"

She came closer and moistened his lips with wine.

"Wife, I have something to say to you before—before—" but his voice faltered. I am going—I know it," he gasped feebly, "and I must talk with you Ariadne. I have been very wicked. You remember Paul Dillard?"

The head upon his breast drooped heavier; her beautiful hand clutched his convulsively for an instant, then she lay very still again. And the man upon the bench in the outer room started to his elbow with a sudden bound, and leaned his head forward in an eager listening attitude.

"My child, it is hard for an old man like me to make this confession," went on old John Etheridge. "It is hard; but harder yet to go into eternity with the stain of an unconfessed sin upon my soul. I have been wicked; but I will make what reparation lies in my power. Ariadne, listen; I won you through fraud. I coveted you, with your youth and beauty; and when it was breathed to me that you loved a poor, unknown, humble youth, toiling afar over the waters, the fiend of evil sent a suggestion into my mind which I was not long in obeying. How could that poor, humble youth stand in comparison with a rich man? I knew that such were your father's wishes; but I knew that such, however much they might influence your decision, would never your heart. And so I followed the evil devices of my own brain, and coined a lie and spread the rumor that, in his far off home your boy lover had wooed another. But it was all false—all false—my poor child. And when you, in your youth and beauty, came to my arms, and the first flush of triumph was over, when day by day I saw how meekly and uncomplainingly you sacrificed yourself to all an old man's whims and caprices, then repentance came, and O how bitter! Disease came. Ariadne as God is my witness, I joyed more than I sorrowed when I felt its chill fingers at my heart. The physicians sent me abroad; we came here, to Italy. You did not know how often I sent my imagination here before me, and built a structure whose walls would be reared above my grave! For, my child," and his voice sank to a whisper, and he lifted her face with one thin white hand, "you will obey me; *he* is here, and by and by your paths will cross each other. Ariadne, you will be happy yet!"

Then came an unbroken silence in that death chamber; and the man in the dark kitchen breathed convulsively as he crept nearer the door.

"Yes, you will be happy yet," gasped the dying man slowly. "And now I am going—forgive. Your hand my child here, on my heart. God is good! I have but one wish in this death hour—if I could have brought you together—you two, whom I wronged so. If Paul Dillard were only here!"

"Yes, god is good! Paul Dillard is here!" came in husky whispers; and as the pale man staggered in from the outer room, Ariadne fell forward, with a faint scream, upon the breast of her dying husband.

What need have we to record more? Can you not see how the reparation of the dead was accepted?—how, her period of mourning over, Ariadne Etheridge, in that warm Southland, gave her hand where her heart had long been pledged, and fully redeemed her early prophecy by its fulfilment?

Napoleon Just Before Waterloo.

The Emperor sent for me (after his return from Elba) and kept me with him about a quarter of an hour. As this was my last interview with Napoleon, I will give the particulars of it:

"Well," he said, as soon as he saw me. "well, have you made good selections? Can I rely on the men you have appointed?"

"I have done my best," I answered, "but I can not answer for them to your Majesty. The time allowed me was altogether insufficient. I found new prefects who knew the country no better than myself. I avoided as far as possible making choice of men of extreme views, and I excluded all those who were notoriously such but I can answer for nothing. Besides, until either political treaties or victories have definitely pronounced for us, we can not reckon on any real success. The return of the Empress to Paris would do more at this moment than all the efforts of the Commissioners to the Departments."

"You are right; I don't altogether despair. I have sent to Vienna; I have endeavored to treat with Talleyrand; he will listen to nothing; he is sold to England. But," interrupting himself, "was the Duc de Bourbon still in La Vendee when you got there?"

"I do not know," I replied, "and I made no inquiries. If he was there, it was better to give him an opportunity of getting away than to try to detain him."

Then after a moment's silence, he resumed:

"What was the state of public feeling in those departments?"

"It is my duty to tell your Majesty the truth," I replied, "and I will not attempt to disguise it. With the exception of some parts of La Vendee, where it was entirely against the Bourbons, and almost revolutionary, in other places, and especially among the higher classes, it is, if not hostile, at least cold and indifferent. As for the lower classes, they seem actuated rather by a return to republican maxims than by any other sentiment; and if they attach themselves to the name of your Majesty, it is because they take it as a guarantee of the liberties which they claim and which you have promised to restore. But I must not conceal that nearly everywhere women are your declared enemies, and in France they are adversaries not to be despised."

"Oh, I know that," he exclaimed, "I am told of it on all sides. I never admitted women into cabinet secrets; I never suffered them to meddle with the Government; and they are now avenging themselves.

The conversation, during which, as his custom was, he had never ceased walking up and down, then dropped, and after a silence of a few minutes, I was dismissed.

I left the audience chamber with an unsatisfactory impression. The Emperor was no longer what I had seen him formerly. He was moody. The confidence that of old had manifested itself in his speech, the tone of command, the lofty ideas that directed his words and gestures, had disappeared. He seemed already to feel the hand of adversity that was soon to weigh so heavily upon him; he had already ceased to reckon on his destiny.

—James Gorden Bennett gave a ball in Paris recently that cost him about $1,500. The dancers tarried until six o'clock.

The Weather Bureau.

"I see," says Mrs, Spoopendyke, as she laid the paper down, "I see that we are to have rising, followed by falling barometer with northeast to southwest winds, and higher or lower temperature, with clear or partly cloudy weather, and light rains. How is it they contrive to tell so accurately about the weather? Do you understand it?"

"Certainly," replied Mr. Spoopendyke, "they do it by observation. They have a man out West observing, and a man down East who observes, and fellows observing around in different parts of the country. They put all their observations together, and we know just what it's going to do."

"I suppose that's what makes the wind so different every morning, when one man's temperature is rising, another's is falling; and when one is clear, all the rest are partly cloudy with ——"

"No, they ain't. Each observer sends in what he observes, and then the chief makes up his mind from those reports what the weather will be. Can't you understand?"

"Perfectly," said Mrs. Spoopendyke, rubbing her elbows. "If one sees the barometer rising, and another sees it falling; and it's cold in one place and cloudy in another, they all say so. But I should think when one hits it right the others would be awful mad."

"What would they get mad about?" demanded Mr. Spoopendyke. "You don't imagine that they all get together and fight it out, do you? They take the weather from different points and combine it, and then they parcel it out among the different regions. For instance, if it snows in the East and warm in the West, they strike an average for the lake region. Now, what's the average between heat and snow?"

"Rain," cried Mrs. Spoopendyke, delighted with her sagacity. "I see how it is now. They take what is usually going on, and egalize it all over the country. I'm glad the Democrats weren't elected,"

"What have they got to do with it? Do you think a barometer is a politician?"

"No. But if the Democrats had been elected they would have had to change it all around, wouldn't they? And the South would have got the best share. That's what the Repub——."

"Dod gast the Republicans! They've got no more to do with it than you have. You've got an idea, that they throw the barometers and observers into one end of a steam engine and the weather comes out of the other. They don't make weather. The weather makes itself. It's the only self-supporting thing about the Government. And these signal men only watch it, and tell what it's going to be."

"I suppose when these observers all get together and talk it over, that it is called a storm center, isn't it?"

"That's it!" shouted Mr. Spoopendyke. "You've got the weather, now. All you want is your name painted on the handle and the spring broken, to be an umberella They don' ttalk it over; they tell what they know, and it is fixed up in Washington. They agree on it here, and then they telegraph it all over the country. It is generally made in Manitoba and then sent down here."

"How wide is it?" asked Mrs. Spoopendyke, deeply interested. "Because if it ain't too big, I should think they might stop it,"

—"Wide! It's about a feet wide! Just a feet. Just about as wide as your measly information. How're they going to stop it? S'pose it travels on a railroad train? Think it jaws the sleeping car conductor because there's only an upper berth left? Well it don't. It hires a horse. That's the way it comes. It hires a horse!" howled Mr. Spoopendyke, "and the only way to stop it is to build a fence around it, There was some talk about burning the last one, but the wood was wet."

"Well, my dear, you needn't get angry about it," said Mrs. Spoopendyke, soothingly. "I only thought there might be some way they could make some arrangements about it. I think storm centres are horrid, and the observer in Manitoba must have a hard time. If he has to observe much in the winter, he must be nearly frazen."

"Does any human being know what you're thinking about?" raved Mr. Spoopendyke. "Do you s'pose he goes around with a spy glass looking behind rocks? Think he prowls around all night with a dod gasted lantern, hunting up storm centres? Got an idea that he runs around under the bed with a broom, like a measly married woman I know of, and when he catches a centre, pulls him out by the leg and observes him? He don't do anything of the sort. He has 'em in to spend the evening with him, and gets 'em drunk, and finds out what they're up to. Understand it now? All you want is to whirl around twice and squeak nights to be a weather vane."

"I didn t know how they did it," quoth Mrs. Spoopendyke, complacently, "but I see now. If the Prohibitionists had been elected he couldn't have done that, and we would have been in a bad way. Now that I understand it, I'll learn the indications every morning How does a barometer rise and fall?

"With jack-screws, dod gast it!" thundered Mr. Spoopendyke. "Sometimes they haul it up with a stump machine; then they drap a carpenter's shop on it. Once in Dakota it got so high that they had to dig a hole and ram it down with a pile driver. Got it now? Begin to see through it? What you need is a box of pills and a conundrum to be an almanac!" And Mr. Spoopendyke jumpen out of the house like a conical shot, and banged the door after him.

"I never quite understood it before," soliloquized Mrs. Spoopendyke, speculating whether she would put the plume on the side or back part of her hat; "but now that he's made it plain to me, I wonder they don't observe by steam. It must be awful hard on the poor men." And, having decided about the plume, Mrs. Spoopendyke filled her mouth with pins, and crawled under the bed in search of her thimble.

—The gold yield of the Nova Scotian mines from 1862 to 1880 inclusive was, by the official reports, valued at $6,212,125.

—New York state is first for the past year in number of killings. It has had 101, of which 47 were committed in the city.

—Vanderbilt's great ball cost $20,000.

Population from Abroad.

The population of the United States was increased about one per cent. last year by immigration abroad. Statistics are not not at hand for other ports than New York, but the total number of arrivals was probable something over half a million. About 440,000 immigrants arrived at this port, or nearly nine tenths of the whole number. The general character of the arrivals is said to be better than the average of the previous years On the whole there is no doubt that the addition to our population is of real value. Considerably more than one-third of the immigrants landing at Castle Garden were Germans, a very large proportion of whom were industrious and frugal agricultural laborers, seeking homes in the West. This class as a whole, contributes an orderly and law abiding element which is readily and rapidly assimilated. The Irish come next in order of numbers, but were only about one-third as numerous as the Germans. They furnish a valuable working force, though they are rather addicted to congregating in the cities. The English come next to the Irish in numbers, and, notwithstanding their attachment to inherited ideas, they almost invariably become good citizens of our free Republic. Those who come over for the purpose of establishing themselves in colonies are, indeed, of a rather superior class, and the fact that they are of the same blood with the founders of the first colonies on these shores gives promise of a ready assimilation with the descendants of their own ancestors. Sweden has contributed more than 35,000 to the arrivals, and Norway has added about 14,000. They are for the most part an industrious and peaceable people, and much the same may be said of the Scotch and Welsh. The most undesirable of our immigrants in recent years have come from the South of Europe, and of these the Italians are most numerous, nearly 14 000 of whom arrived at Castle Garden during the year past. They are very apt to herd together in the large cities and recruit the lowest ranks of the laboring population. This is due in some measure to the fact that the immigration of criminals and paupers and worthless people generally from Italy has been rather encouraged of late. The hordes of Asia poured in upon our Eastern shore to the number of something less than 400, all told, but San Francisco and the Pacific coast are yet to be heard from.

Not only has the addition to our population from abroad been valuable in itself, but with it has come a moderate accession of accumulated capital. The amount of this cannot be ascertained, as the immigrants are under no obligation to tell how much they have, and most of them make their exchanges on the other side before embarking. It is estimated that they paid $5 000,000 last year for railroad transportation after leaving Castle Garden, and the Superintendent believes that the total amount of cash brought with them was not less than $11,000,000. This is probably a very low estimate. The destination of the immigrant is no less interesting than their origin. They still flock in large numbers to the Northwest, where many settle on farms and aid in developing the untouched resources of the land, thereby aiding in the most affective manner to increase the production of wealth as well as the population of our country. Others seek mining and manufacturing districts on account of the characters of their previous industrial experience. Those who sink to the bottom of the social strata in the cities and become a source of trouble probably form no larger preportion of the whole than that of natives of foreign parentage who find the same level. The capacity of the Southern States for absorbing foreign immigrants has not yet been fairly tested, though many are seeking the vast unsettled areas of Texas, and the current is gradually percolating into other parts of that section of the country.

There is certainly nothing alarming even to the most timid in the great flow of population from abroad which has been going on during the last two years. Though unprecedented in absolute volume it bears a constantly decreasing proportion to the entire population. According to the census of 1880 we had then 6,679,943 foreigners in a population of 50,155,783, or less than one eighth of the whole. The increase of population for the preceding decade was about thirty per cent., or an average of three per cent. a year, and even in 1881 the accession from abroad was only about one per cent. Considering this fact and the rapid transformation which is constantly going on, as well as the general good quality of nine-tenths of the immigration, there is certainly a very large percentage of gain for us as a Nation in the increase to our population that comes from over the sea.—*N. Y. Times.*

Utilizing Rough Ground.

On many farms there are portions of land that cannot be plowed without great difficulty on account of ravines or stones. They may be seeded to grass and used for pasturage, but it is hard to cut the grass that grows on them. This broken land may generally be utilized to excellent advantage by planting it to crops that require considerable room. Grapes do well on rocky and broken land, if sufficient pains be taken to prepare the places where the vines are to stand. Quite a large hole should be excavated and partially filled with manure and loose earth. A rocky soil is ordinarily warm and well drained by the spaces between the stones. Many of the best vineyards in Europe are located on land so broken and rocky that it cannot be made to produce paying crops of grain, grass or potatoes. Tomatoes can also be profitably raised on broken land. The vines require considerable space in which to spread their branches. There is some trouble in preparing the hills, but the warm location and good drainage will generally insure large crops that ripen early in the season. Pumpkins, melons and squashes may be planted on broken and rocky land to most excellent advantage. As the hills should be about ten feet apart, but little difficulty will be found in making them. Excavations can be made with the spade or pick if necessary, and nearly filled with suitable manure and fine earth. The large space between the hills will require little attention except to remove the weeds which will not be very troublesome in a poor soil. If a farmer has a large tract of broken and rocky land he can scarcely do better than to plant it to forest trees, giving a preference to those that will produce nuts.

Manias.

There are certain forms of mania which are postively useful. Some persons have an insane propensity to explore strange and dangerous regions, not so much for the fame of the thing, or because of any strong desire to benefit the world; they are the victims of an irrestible impulse to penetrate the ice-bound shores of the Arctic, or to hunt ostriches in Patagonia, or to rub noses with the sable kings of Central Africa. In carrying out their schemes, these men will expend any amount of money and endure any amount of suffering, and the world at large gets the benefit of their traveling mania.

We are much indebted for the increase of our knowledge to naturalists, who also endure much fatigue in hunting butterflies and birds, and collecting shells and snakes and sea-weeds, and sorting out the rocks of which the earth is made; all which they would not have been likely to do if they had not had a mania in that direction

Then there are others who have an insatiable appetite for ferreting out and collecting old books and pamphlets and manuscripts—not that they ever expect to read them, but simply for the pleasure of the hunt. They rummage garrets and about book-stalls day after day, and dig into all sorts of crannies and holes, and attend every library sale, not always for any special love of literature, but because they have a mania for collecting; and if they can get hold of an old book which nobody else has, their cup is full to overflowing.

Rich treasures have thus been brought to light, for which scholars have great cause to be thankful—rare gems are sometimes found among the rubbish which these men rake together.

The coin collector is one of the most indefatigable of human beings. The intrinsic value of a coin is not a matter of the slightest account, and its historical value may not be especially regarded if he can only beat everybody else in the size and rarity of his collection.

The autograph mania is still more general, and when it develops itself, not merely in accumulating the signatures of ordinary men and women, but rather authentic documents in the handwriting of the great personages who have figured in history, it is a very respectable hobby.

The mania for collecting postage stamps, which of course is quite modern cannot be regarded as of so high an order, the likenessness of great people with which they are adorned have not much attraction as works of art, and the main charm depends upon the completness of the collection; if one or two stamps are wanting in the Austrian or any other list, its value is very much impaired.

There is, to besure, a certain degree of interest in studying the style in which the taste of different nations manifests itself in their postage stamps; for even here the peculiarities of the several portions of the earth can be more or less distinctly traced.

The rage for old porcelain or pottery, or what is known as the "ceramic fever" prevails just at present with great force together with a passion for ancient things in general.

Venerable relics that had long been stowed away in remote places as of no further service, are now brought to light; chairs, buffets, chests of drawers broken-winded bellows, andirons, brass fenders, and warming pans, are all in great demand.

Antique glass and crockery are equally sought for and rich treasures of ceramic art are sometimes found among the old kitchen cups and platters.

There are persons who have a mania for rings and bracelets, and chains and sleeve-buttons, and neck-laces and fancy pins, and jewelry in general; and when they appear in public, they look as if they were employed to advertise the goods of some thriving gold-smith.

Fashion, in all its extreme forms, may be regarded as a sort of mania. A little while ago, all the ladies expanded their dress with steel and whalebone, until it took the form of an umbrella, and now the balloon has collapsed and the umbrella is closed again.

Structures are sometimes made to grow upon the top of the head, architectural, botanical, entomological, or otherwise, that are very suggestive of the insane asylum.

It is a very ancient mania that manifests itself in this way, and it is found all over the world—savages often treating their heads and hair after a more elaborate style than anything we are capable of doing.

Different people are marked by a mania for some particular kind of game—croquet, lawn-tennis, polo, or perhaps the Scotch golf.

Manias of one sort or another break out in a very mysterious way. They cannot be explained, but we are carried away by them none the less for this. The infection of example is irresistible.

We run after certain things simply because our neighbors do; and they run after the same because we do. If there is melancholy in the air, we feel it. If there is any mania abroad we are in danger of catching it.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, MYA 4., 1882.

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL

Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at

$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square,...	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$6 00
¼ column,..	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column,..	5 00	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00
1 column,..	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Job Work done on short notice.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,

Editors and Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Revs P C Weidemyer and J D Shortess Preach's

Rev. P. C. weidemyer will preach next Sunday morning, German.

Sunday School, 1½ P. M.—D. L. Zerby, Supt.

Missionary Society meets on the second Monday evening of each month.

Methodist.

Rev. Furman Adams Preacher-in-charge.

Preaching next Sunday evening.

unday School at 1½ P. M.—John Kimport, Supt.

Reformed.

Rev. Zwingli A. Yearick, Pastor.

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday afternoon

United Brethren.

Rev. Shannon, Preacher-in-charge.

Rev. Runk, of Dauphin county will preach next Sunday evening.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor. —

Preachg in Paradise church next Sunday evening, and in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning, Ge

Ladies' Mite Society meets on the first Monday evening of each month.

United Sunday School.

Meets at 9 A. M.—H. K. Luse, Supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 935, I. O. O. F. meets in heir hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening.

Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.

C. W. HARTMAN, Sec. W. L. BRIGHT, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½, P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.

D. L. ZERBY, Sec. T. G. ERHARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.

A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.

J. B. Hartman, Sec. John Kreamer, Pres't.

State Treasurer's Appointment.

General Silas M. Bailey, who will take charge of the state treasury next Monday, has made the following appointments for his department: Cashier, Captain A. C. Nutt, of Uniontown; approval clerk, H. C. Greenawalt, of Franklin county; county clerk, John S. Holmes, of Pittsburg; appropriation clerk, John E. Scott, of Chester county; messenger, George A. Cornelius, of Philadelphia; watchman, E. H. H. Stackpole, of Mifflin county; fireman, Geo. A. Smith, of Lancaster.

WANTED—A LITTLE HORSE SENSE.—In an interview a few days ago, Charles S. Wolfe, the leader of the Independent Republicans, says:

"The situation is about this: If the Democrats have horse sense and name a good ticket, one that is progressive and up with the times, they will defeat Beaver and the rest of the Cameron men; but if they do not place a good ticket in the field the Stalwarts will win and the result will be the disintegration of the Democratic party and the formation of a new party in this State, composed of the best elements of the two prominent parties as they now stand."

Democrats, listen to this! A very trifling thing is needed next fall for the Democrats to carry the State—only a little "horse sense." We hope they will look about them and pick up this desirable article. We will assist them with our old DEMOCRAT spy-glass.—*Northumberland Co. Democrat.*

ON THE WAR PATH.

A Town Destroyed by the Indians.

THIRTY-FIVE WHITES KILLED.

Sarcastic Letter to the President and Cabinet.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 26.—A dispatch from Shakespeare N., M., dated yesterday, says: A telegram just received from the operator at Stein's Pass reports that the town of Greeleysville, in Arizona, just over the New Mexico line, was burned and completely destroyed this afternoon by Indians. Thirty-five white people were killed. The Indians are scattering into small bands and making for the Chiricahua mountains. Colonel Forsyth, with his entire command, is in pursuit.

A Tucson dispatch says: at a mass meeting of several thousand citizens held to-night it was unanimously decided that the following be sent, and it was immediatel y wired as an open letter to the president and his cabinet and to both houses of congress:

"During the rejoicings incident to the grand military display announced to take place at Fortress Monroe, we beg to offer you as a skeleton to sit at your banquet the fact that nearly 100 of our pioneers have, within a few days been wantonly murdered in cold blood by the devilish Apaches whom a cruel and a mistaken policy permits to survive their crimes. If some small portion of expenditure incurred in your grand display could be directed to such measure as would preclude the probability of an increase in the list of our murdered dead, we could send you a greeting of gratitude and cheer, in place of the message revealing our sorrow, helplessness and our desolation.

(Signed) "JAMES A. TOOLE, Chairman

"L. C. HUGES, Secretary.

ODD FELLOWS' CELEBRATION.

Commemorating the Sixty-Third Anniversary of the Institution of the Order.

Wednesday of last week was observed by Odd Fellows in Pennsylvania and all over the United States as the sixty-third anniversary of the institution of the order at Baltimore in 1819 by Thomas Wildey and a few friends. A uniformed battalion of Patriarchs from Philadelphia went to Norristown, commanded by John P. Nicholson, to attend a celebration held there, in which numerous lodges from different parts of the State participated. The Most Worthy Grand Patriarch, J. P. S. Gobin, of Lebanon, was present and delivered the oration, and addresses were also delivered on the benevolent work of the order by Past Grand Sire John W. Stoke and Mrs. Martha A. Bridge, of Michigan, the widow of a past grand master, who is visiting Philadelphia. The lady is a member of the Rebekah degree, to which only wives and daughters of Odd Fellows are admitted. In several of the city Lodges addresses were made and the service set apart for the occasion performed. Apollo Lodge, No. 296, had a reunion of its members, who dined together in the evening. There are 868 Lodges in the jurisdiction of the State of Pennsylvania, with a membership of 76,476, and of these 143 lodges, with a membership of 25,000 are located in Philadelphia. $158,605 was expended for relief in this city last year.

A Mob's Greeting to a Jury.

GREENSBURG Ind., April 24.—A mob of fifty masked men at 6 o'clock this morning called on the jailer, and, by choking him, tried to get the keys of the jail, but failed. They then knocked in the jail door, took out O. M. Garrett, hung him to a maple tree ten feet from the jail and left after placing a placard on the body, reading: "This is greeting to the Jennings county jury." Garrett had been acquitted in Jennings county of complicity in the assassination of Mr. Walton by a negro named Frazer, and after acquittal had been arrested on another charge. There are fears that the mob will next hang Frazer and Mrs. Walton.

A CRAZY HUSBAND'S CRIME.

A Chester County Mathematician Murders His Wife With a Rolling-Pin.

WEST CHESTER, April 25.

Much excitement was caused here to-day by the announcement that J. D. Andrews had killed his wife at their residence near Hayesville, in this county. It appears that for several years "Professor" Andrews, as he is familiary called, has manifested a tendency to insanity and an attendant was hired to watch him. Lastnight, while Mrs. Andrews was in her sitting room, her husband, who had been left unguarded for a moment in an adjoining room, seized a rolling-pin and, quietly stealing up behind his wife, dealt her a terrific blow on the head. She fell to the floor insensible, while the attendant, returning just at this moment, secured Andrews and summoned medical aid. There was no hope, however, and Mrs. Andrews died at four o'clock this morning, without recovering conscious ness. She was about fifty years of age. Professor Andrews who is about sixty years old, accumulated a large fortune by his wonderful skill as a mathematician. He was known as the "Lightning Calculator," and it is supposed that his peculiar mental exercises was the prime cause of his mind breaking down.

Death From Hydrophobia.

POTTSTOWN, April 24.—John Irey, aged 18 years, son of Benjamin Irey, of Lawrenceville, Chester county, died today of hydrophobia. Yesterday he had spasms and it required eight men to hold him in bed. His ravings were terrible. He frothed at the mouth and barked like a dog. He was bitten in the arm by a dog last fall and it was almost impossible to get away from the animal. He was placed under the treatment of Dr. Emery, the Phœnixville hydrophobia physician, but it is said he did not follow the doctor's advice. Several other persons bitten by the same dog are in a great anxiety and considerable excitement prevails.

—Dr. P. T. Musser, administrator of the estate of John D. Foote, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will be present at the store of the deceased every Wednesday afternoon and eyery Saturday, when and where all persons having unsettled accounts or other business with the estate are urgently requested to call. 3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of John D. Foote, late of Millheim, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate settlement, and those having claims against the same, to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

P. T. MUSSER, Administrator.

Aaronsburg, April 13th, 1882. 15-6t

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS FOR TAXES FOR 1880 AND 1881, AND PREVIOUS YEARS.—Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an act of Assembly, passed to the 12th day of June, A. D, 1815, entitled "An Act to amend an Act, directing the mode of selling unseated lands in Centre county," and the several supplements thereto, there will be exposed at public sale or outcry, the following tracts of unseated lands in said county for the taxes due and unpaid thereon, at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Monday, June 12th, A. D., 1882, at one o'clock, p. m.:

ACRES.	PER.	WARRANTEE NAMES.	TAXES.
		BENNER TOWNSHIP.	
2		John Davis	$ 1 23
50		J D Harris	2 05
50		J J Lingle	2 05
100		Wm Humes (owner	4 10
50		Charles Shuey (owner)	2 05
		BOGGS TOWNSHIP.	
397	145	D Carscadden	35 73
305	112	John Cochran	27 45
12	63	Roband Curtin	1 08
143		Ann Deal	12 87
433	163	Wm Gray	38 97
431	137	Martha Godfrey	38 78
433	163	Jonathan Harvey	19 43
433	163	Joseph Higby	39 17
418	40	William Hood	37 62
431	40	Moses Hood	19 58
160		Sarah Lane	39 17
433	163	David Lewis	39 17
181		J M Lyons & J P Packer	16 28
300		Frank McCoy	27 00
¾ of 196		Packer & Lucas	9 85
		BURNSIDE TOWNSHIP.	
415		James Black	6 25
433	163	Robert Brady	6 53
433	163	William P Brady	13 25
433	163	John Brady	6 53
433	163	Alexander Bell	26 42
433	163	William Bingham	64 97
415		John Boyd	25 97
433	163	John Byers	6 53
433	163	William Cook	13 25
433	163	John Cowden	13 25
433	163	William Dewart	6 53
433	163	John Dewart	6 53
433	163	Henry Donnelly	6 53
433	163	Samuel M Fox	13 00
433	163	Robert Gray	6 53
433	163	William Gray	6 53
433	163	Thomas Grant	13 25
433	163	Alexander Greayes	13 00
433	163	Charles Gobon	6 38
433	163	Thomas Hamilton	13 00
433	153	George Harrison	64 97
433	163	John Hunsel	13 25
433	163	Pierson Hall	64 97
433	163	Alexander Hunter	26 42
433	163	John Kidd	6 53
433	163	John Lyon	13 25
433	163	Blair McLanahan	64 97
433	153	George McLanahan	64 97
433	153	Polly McLanahan	64 97
433	153	Ann McLanahan	64 97
433	153	George Mead	64 97
200		William Miller	13 00
433	163	Joseph Morris	13 00
433	163	John Nicholson	64 97
216	83	Jeremiah Parker	6 44
433	153	Andrew Pettit	64 97
433	163	Henry Shaffer	13 25
433	163	Samuel Scott	13 00
415		John Shym	12 47
415		Sarah M Talman	12 47
433	153	Tench Francis	64 97
433	163	James Towers	6 53
415		Joseph J Wallace	5 65
433	163	Joseph Wallace	13 00
415		John Wetzel	12 30
415		Jacob Weidner	50 63
433	163	Bird Wilson	13 00
433	163	Samuel Young	26 42
433	163	Benjamin Young	13 00
		CURTIN TOWNSHIP.	
434		Robert Ainesley	29 85
415		Charles Allen	7 20
376		Samuel Baird	9 01
185		William P Brady	1 76
337		Lindley Coats	5 06
150		Paul Custer	3 61
20		John Curtin	4 32
71	131	Roland Curtin	16 11
434	163	Abijah Davis	41 55
½ of 311		Peter Denaven	11 37
106		Joseph Devling	5 07
434		Joseph Devling	30 85
155		Henry Donald	25 02
½ of 311		Cadwalader Evans	11 37
415		William Elliott	19 93
415		Esther Eddy	59 33
415		Robert Gray	9 97
415		William Gray	9 97
415		William Gilbert	39 84
360		Martha Godfrey	86 40
360	142	John W Godfrey	28 80
120		Peter Hahn	2 88
415		Susan Hahn	9 97
433	120	Charles Hall	5 91
60		Ed Hallowell	8 64
433		Joseph Higby or Bigbe	41 55
142		Thomas Humphrey	3 39
203		James Irwin	14 61
380¾		Joseph Kelso	36 48
463		Rebecca Kelso	38 67
408		Joseph Kelso	19 20
200		Mary Lane	14 40
150		Sarah Lane	43 20
207½		Caleb Lawns	14 86
207½		Isaac Longstreth	14 86
207½		Caleb Lawns	14 86
207½		Isaac Longstreth	14 86
70		John S Mason	6 72
415		John McCauley	14 40
200		Philip Meyers	28 80
100		Simon Meyers	14 40
420	48	Michael Meyers	60 48
420	48	Valentine Meyers	60 48
196		James Miller	14 13
400		William P Mitchell	19 20
434		William P Mitchell	20 75
220		William P Mitchell	10 56
200		John P Mitchell	13 92
313	112	Ellis L Orvis	15 02
434		J W Packer	20 83
42		J W Packer	2 03
15		J W Packer	37
326		J W Packer	15 65
110		William M Packer	5 28
53		Cline Quigley	1 44
100		Peter Smith	12 00
433	153	Samuel Scott	41 55
433	163	Mary Taliman	20 85
200		Richard Tunis	4 80
200		Richard Tunis	3 84
217		Fishburn Wharton	10 43
217		Fishburn Wharton	10 43
160		Jonathan Willis	3 80
415		Casper Wister	86 40
433	163	James White	21 18
461		William Yardley	11 04
		FERGUSON TOWNSHIP.	
150		A Barton Sloat (owner)	11 25
		GREGG TOWNSHIP.	
40		James Barber	1 48
2-5 of 40		Henry Haines	27
2-5 of 40		Henry Haines	14
2-5 of 40		Henry Haines	14
2-5 of 40		Henra Haines	14
400		William Logan	14 80
400		John Painter	14 80
400		William Taggert	14 80
400		David Taggert	14 80
		HAINES TOWNSHIP.	
400		Thomas Barr	6 50
406	60	Margaret Barr	6 60
313		John Barron	2 25
87		John Barron	82
400		James Barr	6 50
406	60	Mary Barr	6 60
400	60	Ebenezer Branham	3 25
246		Henry Beck	2 33
400	60	John Bell	3 25
154		Henry Beck	2 87
344	16	John Bolinder	5 60
338	60	Henry Bolinder	5 52
325	60	Frederick Bolinder	5 30
73	16	Adam Bolinder	5 12
400	60	John Boyle	3 25
400	60	Thomas Carstance	3 25
406		John Craig	3 28
400	60	John Darr, Jr	3 25
406	78	John Darr	3 36
408	70	Leonard Darr	3 30
382	163	Peter Epler	12 45
438		Andrew Epler	14 23
181		Jacob Fees	1 47
400		Bernard Gratz	3 25
250		H Gillman & S Snyder	18 75
262	140	H Gillman & S Snyder	26 00
435		Charles Hall	21 22
437	103	John Hartman	6 84
430	103	Robert Irwin	7 90
400	126	Margaret Irwin	6 50
400		Margaret Jenks	6 50
400		Mary Jenks	6 50
418	90	George Kreamer	26 92
106		Lowery	82
228	150	William Mosby	1 87
200		William Parker	1 63
200		William Parker	1 63
400	60	William Phillips	3 25
400		James Rand	6 50
400		James Row	6 50
440	70	Charlotte Rustin	3 58
428	80	Thomas Rustin	6 75
300	60	Albraight Swineford	4 88
170		Stover & Wolf	2 82
400		Simon Snyder	3 25
88		William Tidd	77
400	60	John Tidd	3 25
312		William Tidd	2 62
150		D Hensel (owner)	1 22
125		D Hensel (owner)	1 03
		HALF MOON TOWNSHIP.	
48		Daniel Beck	2 96
40	10	Peggy Shearer	2 80
44	11	Thomas Heyskill (owner)	5 96
		HARRIS TOWNSHIP.	
196		J C Fisher	3 54
400		James Forbes	3 60
400		Wm Harrison	3 60
150		John Irwin	1 34
400		James Reed	3 60
100		Samuel Young	90
		HOWARD TOWNSHIP.	
107	104	Samuel Brown	8 36
40		Paul Custin	12 15
200		Samuel Custin	24 30
208		John W Godfrey	26 38
50		A D Harris	2 02
433	163	James Baxter	3 26
433	163	John Price	3 26
433	163	John Rollington	3 26
433	163	John Wheeland	3 26
		LIBERTY TOWNSHIP.	
406	120	Ebenezer Benham	16 70
805	120	John Dinwoody	12 51
186		Robert & James Hays	21 79
175		William Hays	4 69
175		George D Hess	10 75
309	03	Robert Irwin	25 33
398	80	Robert Irwin	16 31
310		Jeremiah Jackson	25 42
150		Peter Lytle	6 15
175		James A Quigley	10 75
406	120	Steven Stevenson	24 99
		MARION TOWNSHIP.	
50		William Allison	4 30
42	66	John Carman	2 70
420		Robert Irwin	55 34
413¾		Jeremiah Jackson	53 28
17		Thomas Lewis	5 56
35		J M McKinney	3 79
70		Christ Rohrer	22 59
50		W A Thomas	16 14
50		Jacob Deitz (owner)	4 30
50		William Tilghman (owner)	16 14
50		C M Bower (owner)	16 14
10		I S Frain (owner)	6 42
28		John Zeigler (owner)	9 03
60		Simon Yarger	5 14
60		Simon Yarger	5 14
		MILES TOWNSHIP.	
430		Robert Brady	6 47
410		Hannah Brady	6 17
255		Jane Brady	3 86
200		John Brady	3 00
440		William P Brady	6 60
280		William P Brady	4 33
286		James Black	4 29
75		William Barton	56
424		George Calhoun	6 38
365		John Cowden	3 48
50		John Cowden	77
150		William Cooper	2 27
427		William Dewart	6 41
125		John Dorsey	1 80
320		Joseph Fearon	4 80
130	23	Simon Gratz	1 97
200		Robert Gray	1 50
429		Robert Gray	6 63
476		Thomas Grant	7 12
440		James Hepburn	6 60
150		John Hounsel	1 12
405		Peter Hounsel	6 09
430		Alexander Hunter	6 90
430		Jeremiah Jackson	6 47
400		Richard Lake	6 00
300		Aaron Levy	2 50
402	134	William Miles	6 06
425		Samuel Norton	6 50
300		William Parker	4 50
324		Richard Parker	5 04
324		Jeremiah Parker	4 84
419		John Reese	6 26
125		William Stedman	1 87
200		Thomas Smith	3 00
100		Abrahams Scott	1 50
50		Samuel Scott	77
150		Abraham Scott	2 27
99		Samuel Scott	1 37
130		Robert Taggart	1 77
425		Henry Toland	6 39
125		Wharton Moore	1 89
425		David Williams	6 39
		PATTON TOWNSHIP.	
		Henry Gross	5 56
		PENN TOWNSHIP.	
150		Adam Bolinder	2 08
383		William Cook	11 19
		POTTER TOWNSHIP.	
400		William P Brady	4 31
288		Mary Bound	3 02
81	111	Alexander Cameron	80
158	134	George Foust	1 70
196		H B Fulmer	2 09
409		Edward Garigus	3 02
400		William Garigus	3 02
400		William Harrison	7 02
45		Jacob Kusteborder	51
100		Shires & Fullmer	3 30
327		S & A Scott	3 02
		SPRING TOWNSHIP.	
216	44	Wiliam McClure	20 38
186	115	John Purdon	5 84
300		Catharine Robison	9 45
300		Rebecca Robison	9 45
150		Richard Robison	3 66
80		Jasper Brooks (owner)	6 30
100		J Gordon (owner)	3 15
		SNOW SHOE TOWNSHIP.	
433		Andrew Bayard	129 80
433	153	William Bingham	51 95
428	173	Felix Brunk	51 96
433	153	George Campbell	51 96
415	44	David Carscadden	49 40
413	44	David Carscadden	49 49
287	80	David Carscadden	31 44
433	153	Paul Cox	51 96
433	153	Thomas Cuthburt	51 96
433	153	D H Cunningham	103 93
60		George Clymer	7 20
433	153	Sharp Delaney	51 95
300		Joseph Devling	18 00
218		Samuel Dobson	13 05
433		George Eddy	26 04
200		Thomas Fitzsimmons	24 00
60		Robert Gray	7 20
283		James T Hale	45 95
50		James T Hale	2 42
433	153	Thomas Hawthorn	51 95
433	153	James Hawthorn	51 95
433	153	William Lewis	51 95
433	152	William Lewis (lawyer)	51 95
433		Samuel Linn	51 95
433		John Ligget	42 25
353		J Z Long	24 00
400		J Z Long	24 00
240		Jasper Maylan	51 95
433	153	Edward Mayston	51 95
433	153	James McManus	51 95
433	153	Blair McLanahan	51 95
433	153	George Mead	51 95
433	153	William McPherson	51 95
433	153	M T Milliken	51 95
400		N J Mitchell	48 00
409	73	N J Mitchell	49 07
433	120	Luke Misner	51 95
433		Benjamin R Morgan	26 04
433	153	Robert Morris	51 95
433		John M Nesbit	89 03
433		J P Norris	17 27
433		William Parker	26 04
433		George Parker	51 95
216		Jeremiah Parker	12 92
360		John Pim	43 20
360	144	Hugh Pim	43 20
300		Job Reiley	45 00
360	144	John Reiley	43 20
433	153	Thomas L Shippen	51 95
433	153	Edward Scott	51 95
433	153	Benjamin H Tallman	26 04
162		Joseph Tomkins	19 44
433	153	A S Valentine	51 95
433	153	Rebecca Wain	26 04
433	153	Moore Wharton	51 95
433	153	Elizabeth Wharton	25 04
433	163	Kearney Wharton	51 95
433	153	Mary Wharton	14 40
433	153	Francis West	51 95
433	153	Benjamin West	51 95
433	153	Francis West	15 91
433	153	William H West	26 04
433	153	John West	26 04
169		Francis West	10 11
433		Bird Wilson	51 95
		RUSH TOWNSHIP.	
433		James Allison	16 22
433	153	John Allison	83 26
328		James Allison	68 22
250		Andrew Allison	52 00
300		Asa Allison & John Lilly	62 40
327	10	Andrew Armstrong	5 64
40	10	Richard Atherton	6 24
433	153	Paul Black	62 40
400		John Black	67 60
433	163	David Beveridge	5 64
433	153	Peter Brutzman	112 58
433	163	John Boreland	67 60
433	163	Paul Bush	67 60
433	163	John Bush	67 60
433	163	James Busn	20 80
400		John Burg	10 40
200		Samuel Chestnutt	2 08
433	153	John Copenhaver	10 40
433	163	John Copenhaver	26 00
433	163	Copenhaver & Whitcome	80 70
433	153	John Cunningham	26 78
433	153	George Clymer	5 20
100		George Campbell	5 20
100		Thomas Cuthbert	15 60
300		Sharp Delaney	5 64
435	163	Frederick Dorsh	39 00
217		William Dentler	22 52
433	153	Thomas Edwards	112 58
433	153	Daniel Ehler	33 80
433	163	Daniel Fitzgerald	33 80
433	153	John Funk	11 26
433	153	Thomas Fitzsimmons	13 00
250		Sabastian Graff	56 42
217		Andrew Graff	22 58
433	153	Thomas Grant	56 16
216	156	Thomas Grant	33 84
433	153	William Gray	76 78
303	153	James Glentworth	5 64
433	163	Elizabeth Groe	2 60
433		Robert Gray	5 20
433		John Gundaker	22 52
433	153	Michael Gundaker	22 52
433	153	Christian Hair	16 90
426	164	Christian Hair, jr	16 64
433	153	David Hair	16 90
433	153	John Hambright	22 58
216	156	Thomas Hamilton	56 16
433	153	John Hand	22 52
433	153	John Harrison	16 90
433		Joseph Harrison	26 78
433	153	Hugh Hamilton	38 00
433	153	Joseph Harrison	22 52
433	153	George M Hartline	3 90
433	163	Joseph Hopkins	4 48
433	153	John Huber	56 29
433	153	Robert Irwin	16 90
433	153	Owden Jordon	112 58
433	153	John Kelley	22 52
433	153	Robert King	67 60
433	153	James T Laird	20 80
433	163	George Latimer	228 80
433	153	William G Latimer	5 64
400		Casper Lawrence	1 77
433	153	Christian Lenhore	78
433	106	John Lowden	7 00
433	153	Richard Lowden	2 22
433	153	John Lowden	33 80
433	153	Leslie Malone	33 84
433	163	Edward Mayston	11 28
200		William McPherson	5 64
433	153	John Miller	2 60
433	163	Jacob Miller	16 00
433	163	Martha McConnell	16 90
433	153	George Mead	5 64
433	153	B R Morgan	22 52
217		John Musser	56 42
217		George Musser (Smith)	56 42
407	137	Christian Musser	21 22
6		Ellen Nelson	2 08
323		Hugh Patton	8 40
433	153	Richard Peters	22 52
433	153	Henry Pinkerton	33 80
159	11	Hardman Phillips	39 00
177	84	Hardman Phillips	27 60

ACRES.	PER.	WARRANTEE NAMES.	TAXES.
216	80	Robert Rainey	56 10
433	163	Thomas Reese	112 58
433	153	Christian Rohrer	16 90
405	47	Jacob Rush	63 18
433	153	Benjan in Rush	28 84
433	153	Casper Shafner	67 60
433	153	Andrew Shenk	16 90
433	163	Christian Shenk	16 90
433	153	Michael Shenk	16 90
247	16	Jacob Steke	9 64
433	153	Robert Spear	67 60
433	153	Mary Smith	11 28
167	67	George Slough	6 50
½ of 433	153	John Stoner	56 29
219		Andrew Scott	8 53
240		Joseph Stroud	10 40
433	153	Paul Such	65 60
433	164	John Such	67 60
406		Barbara Snyder	63 34
433	153	George Slouzh	22 52
433	153	George Slough	22 52
6		John Nelson (owner)	1 56
433	163	Kearney Wharton	67 60
122	44	John Weidman	19 02
402	116	Jacob Weidman	62 70
312		Joseph Wells	48 96
50		John Wells	2 60
250		Paul Wells	13 00
168		John Wilson	5 62
75		William Wilson	15 60
433	153	William Wilson	112 58
315	106	John Witner	24 44
		TAYLOR TOWNSHIP.	
75		George Ashutes	7 61
100		Jacob Beck	*25 00
400		William Reil	119 00
250		Clement Beckwith	75 00
132		William Bell	29 61
100		J C Bell	10 00
50		A M Elder	17 50
434		Hugh Hamilton	65 00
433	163	Elizabe h Hootman	65 00
433	163	Leslie Malone	65 00
434		W W Montgomery	32 55
434		John Montgomery	32 55
433	163	John McCommond	65 00
123		Ridgway, Budd & Co. tract 1,	18 46
189		" " " tract 2,	27 00
189		" " " tract 18,	47 25
141		" " " tract 8,	21 15
210		" " " tract 12,	52 50
100		John Sherlick	10 00
128		John W Thomas	6 29
436		John W Thomas	21 89
419		John W Thomas	28 81
109		John W Thomas	10 00
100		George Cowher (owner)	10 00
100		Michael Weidner	25 00
100		Michael Weidner	25 00
60		Joseph Yoder	15 00
		UNION TOWNSHIP.	
398½		Ebenezer Brenham	39 87
		WALKER TOWNSHIP.	
90		Robert Asken	2

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, MAY 4., 1882.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

—Read the sale bills of Dr. P. T. Musser, administrator of the estate of John D. Foote, deceased. 3t

—Several new houses are being built at Coburn. It is also rumored that the Evangelical church is to go up without delay.

—The Millheim B. & L. Association meets next Monday evening, which means that you are to pay up your dues. "Don't you forget it."

—Deininger & Musser have again received a large lot of marble direct from the quarries. This firm furnishes very fine monuments and other work as low as city prices.

PHOSPHATE.—John H. Musser keeps constantly on hand at Coburn Station a superior quality of phosphate, which he sells in large or small quantities at most reasonable prices. tf

—Mr. P. H. Musser, our young jeweler, who is carrying on the business for C. A. Sturgis, of Lewisburg, is having lots of work. He is a careful and prompt mechanic and an obliging young gentleman. Go and try him.

—Jerome Spigelmyer has returned from New York with a fine, large lot of Spring and Summer goods. Mr. Spigelmyer is one of the most enterprising as well as most successful merchants in the valley.

—J. A. Limbert, the mail contractor on the route betwen Coburn and Woodward, is prepared to carry express packages and other goods to all points along the route at reasonable charges. All business entrusted to him will be punctually attended to.

—Rev. Zwingli A. Yearick, the new pastor of the Aaronsburg Reformed charge, begins his labors here on next Sabbath. He is a young minister of excellent reputation and fine abilities and we wish him abundant succes in our midst.

—W. R. Ettlinger, of Woodward, will have sale of all his personal property, two building lots and lumber for a house, on Saturday, May 6th. This will be a good opportunity to buy splendid furniture, carpets and other household goods. 2t

WANTED.—The undersigned wishes to secure a man who will either rent his blacksmith shop, two miles west of Woodward, and carry on the business, or work for him as a hand. For particulars apply to
4t J. M. WEAVER.

—The new monster hotel at Spring Mills, which is to be known as the *Spring Mills House*, is to be formally opened on the 15th instant. Mr. Nash the proprietor, is an experienced hotelist, and will spare neither labor nor expense to make it a popular summer resort.

—No better place to buy boots and shoes in the county than Doll & Mingle's, in Bellefonte. They sell a lady's dress shoe for $2.00; a fine button walking shoe for $1.00; carpet slippers for 25 cents; men's brogans for $1.00, and others in proportion. Try Doll & Mingles' shoes. tf

—The Council of Du Bois, Clearfield county, has passed an ordinance making it compulsory for traveling salesmen to pay a license when plying their vocation in that town. Now, if one town has the right to tax traveling agents we presume that others have too, and suggest that our council look into this matter. The borough needs all the revenue it is lawfully entitled to.

—Business is quite brisk at Mrs. Anna M. Weaver's Millinery Store, since the arrival of the new Spring and Summer styles. The ladies who have been there say that the hats are *just a little too lovely for anything*. Of course we men don't profess to understand the matter, but are only too happy to pay for what our dear wives and affectionate daughters select. Read Mrs. Weaver's advertisement and then go and *pick* your hat without delay.

NOTICE.—Work is to be resumed at the new Lutheran Church in Millheim, and all persons knowing themselves in debted on subscription are most respectfully requested to make payment. All monies subscribed are needed at an early day.

JOHN TOMLINSON,
JONATHAN HARTER,
B. O. DEININGER,
Finance Committee.

LARGE SALE.—Dr. P. T. Musser, administrator, will sell the personal effects of John D. Foote, late of Millheim, deceased, beginning Friday, May 19th inst. There is a very large amount of goods on hand and the sale will be adjourned from time to time until all is disposed of. In the store there is a very full assortment of the various classes of goods, especially in the boot, shoe and clothing line, as well as prints and dress goods. This sale will afford a good opportunity to the public to buy cheap. For full particulars see bills. 3t

—We call the attention of our readers to the new advertisement in to-day's JOURNAL of Harris' popular Millinery and Variety Store, Lewisburg. There is no establisment that we know of where our ladies can suit themselves better, or buy cheaper, those beautiful instititutions called *hats*, which are so indispensable to their happiness. Harris is the boss place in Central Pennsylvania, not only for hats, but for the thousand and one other articles used to trim up and beautify the dear ladies. 2t

THE ROYCE REAPER.—I hereby make known to the farmers of Centre county that I intend as heretofore to ship reapers on trial to all who wish to buy. I ask no one to sign any contract but all will have a fair trial before buying. The Royce must stand or fall on its own merits. For simplicity of construction, lightness of draft, ease of management and efficiency of work it stands unrivaled. For further information I respectfully refer to men who have used it—Jacob Kerstetter, Daniel E. Gentzel, Jacob J. Gentzel, Coburn Post Office, and others.
Apply to
LEMUEL CAMPBELL
Sunbury, Pa., or
W. L. BRIGHT J. H. MUSSER, solicitors
Aaronsburg, Pa.
1m

FISH AND GAME LAWS.—It is illegal to catch and retain trout under five inches in length, and it is illegal to catch fish in any other way than with rod, hook and line. Penalty for each fish illegally caught or retained $10, or offered for sale $25. Bass and pike fishing commences on the 1st of June, and it is illegal to catch them in any other way than with rod, hook and line, under a penalty of $10 for each fish illegally caught. Sunday hunting and fishing is prohibited under a penalty of $25. One half of all fines goes to the informer. At this time of the year there is no game of any kind that can be legally hunted or killed. Constables having personal knowledge of violations of the law, or if furnished with good evidence that the law has been violated, are bound to make return thereof.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT LOGANSVILLE.—On Saturday, the 22nd inst, at about 12 o'clock m., fire broke out in J. B Barner's dwelling. As soon as the alarm was made, people flocked to the scene and did their utmost to extinguish it, but to no purpose. It continued to spread and soon the large dwelling house of Hon. G. A. Achenbach was enveloped in flames. Both of these were burned to the ground. Indications were of such a nature at one time that it looked as though the whole town would become one vast sheet of devastating flame. In a very short space of time the roofs of twenty buildings caught fire. Through the skill and energy of the Logansville Bucket Company the fire was finally extinguished. Many of the household goods of the families burned out were saved. The loss is fully covered by the insurance; Mr. Barner's in the Home of N. Y., and Mr. Achenbach's in the Sugar Valley Mutual Fire Insurance Company.—*Clinton Democrat.*

That was truly a very close escape for Logansville; and we have often feared that a similar or worse fate may some day befall Millheim. In the absence of all necessary appliances to extinguish or even check a fire, what could be done to save the town from destruction, if a fire would break out on a stormy day in the central or western part? If a fire had once gained headway under such circumstances, the people would be utterly helpless against the destroying element.

We have no desire to alarm, but feel it our duty as journalists and citizens to call the attention of our people, and especially the council, to this grave question.

—The Synodical Sunday School Convention that met in Aaronsburg on Tuesday evening and adjourned on Wednesday evening, was a successful affair. The attendance of delegates and visitors was very creditable, and the good people of the steady and churchly old burg manifested their interest and appreciation not only by attending almost *en masse*, but by a genuine hospitality toward the strangers present. There is perhaps no town within the borders of the broad old Keystone that better understands to entertain any meeting that has for its object the promotion of Christ's kingdom upon earth.

The essays, addresses and discussions were eminently practical and pointed, and will no doubt leave beneficial and lasting impression upon all who attended and feel an interest in Sunday School work. The cause received a good impetus.

That popular and beloved divine, Rev. L. A. Gotwald, D. D., President of the Board of Home Missions, was present, and delivered two very able and comprehensive addresses—the one on *Woman's Missionary Work*—the other on *The Relation of Sunday School Instruction to Missions.* These addresses were listened to with intense interest. The Doctor held the large audience spell bound for about an hour each time.

We feel impelled to pay a compliment to the President of the convention, Rev. J. A. Koser, of Pine Grove Mills. He is one of the best presiding officers we ever saw; and but for the fact that he has a *higher* office now, we would see to it to have him nominated for Vice President in 1884. He would certainly preside over the "first deliverative body in the world," with more ability and dignity than our common run of Vice President are able to do.

—The Women's Missionary Society of the Synod of Central Penna. held its annual convention at Aaronsburg on Wednesday. We did not learn any of the details of the proceedings, but they will be published in pamphlet form in connection with the minutes of the Synodical S. S. Convention at an early day. This much, however, we causally learned, that much interest was manifested at the sessions of the society, and that renewed activity in missionary work will follow. We also understand that Miss Puella E. Dornblaser, of Mackeyville, Clinton county, was elected Vice President, with powers to travel the bounds of Central Synod, *a la* P residing Elder, lecture on mission work and organize congregational missionary societies. Correspondents will please address her after this date, when writing on official business, as Miss P. E. Dornblaser, *P. E.*

News Miscellany.

It looks as if congress would reduce letter postage from three to two cents.

The Chinese are pouring into British Columbia at the rate of seven hundred a week.

In an argument the fool wants to bet, the brute to fight, the wise man to put on his hat and take a walk.

A Western paper inserted a cut of Dr. Benson as Jesse James, and made Lydia Pinkham do duty as the outlaw's wife.

A new postal law or decision authorizes the publishers of newspapers to arrest any man as a thief, who takes their papers and refuses to pay for them.

A crowd of vandals living in the neighborhood of Mt. Pisgah Church, on the road between Wrightsville and Yorkana, near the line of Hellam and Lower Windsor township, went to the Evangelical Church recently, and tore out the corner stone, stealing there from the coins it contained and other articles.

It has been suggested by the Post office department that all letters of importance, and especially those containing checks or other papers of value, shall have plain directions for returning the same to the sender printed to the outside. If this plan is followed, it will soon do away with much of the work of the dead letter office.

Another Pennsylvania Murder.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 26.—Two unknown men came out of the woods near here to-night and fatally shot and robbed D. D. Rosencrants, a farmer residing at South Easton, Wyoming county. The assailants escaped.

Why Jewish Refugees Are Marrying.

LONDON, April 25.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Odessa says: The poorer Jews are said to be marrying here at the rate of 150 couples per day. They imagine that if they are married land will be given to them free in America or Palestine.

A Woman Dies From Drink.

MINERSVILLE, April 24.—Mrs Meredith, an old lady residing at this place, was found dead in bed this morning, beside her husband, who several weeks ago was severely burned in the mines. Mrs. Meredith was addicted to drink, and it is believed excessive drinking was the cause of her death.

A CONDUCTOR 'S HEROISM.

While Mangled and Suffering He Prevents a Serious Collision on the Rail.

It came out at the Coroner's inquest at Philadelphia that the accident to Conductor Robert Glenn on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Honeybrook Station, on Monday of last week, which caused his death at the Pennsylvania Hospital, was attended by an act of self-sacrificing heroism. The train which Glenn had charge of was cut into sections, the intention being to send the last half upon a siding. Glenn fell off the back platform of the first section and was run over and had both legs mangled. As he lay he saw that the second section did not run on the siding. Raising himself on his crushed limbs, he signaled the engineer to go ahead, which he did, and succeeded in preventing a collision between the two sections. Charles Glenn, a brother, having told the Coroner that Dr. O. A. Allis, of the Presbyterian Hospital, had refused to go to the hospital and perform an amputation, and that Dr. Wattles had said that this would have probably saved Glenn's life, as he lay for hours without attention, postponed the case to hear the physician's explanation.

MARRIED.

On the 20th ult., at Aaronsburg, by C. W. E. Siegel, Mr. E. F. Hoover, of Sunbury, to Miss Alice Frank, of Millheim.

On the 12th ult., in Lewisburg, by Rev. Benj. Hengst, Mr. A. J. Auman and Miss Mary Immel, all of Centre county.

DIED.

On the 11th ult., in Lewistown, Mr. Isaiah Coplin, aged 81 years, 3 months and 10 days.

On the 22nd ult., in Ferguson township, Mrs. Catharine Young, aged 83 years, 3 months and 15 days.

On the 12th ult., near Pine Grove Mills, Mr. John Brett, aged 69 years and seven months.

On the 16th ult., near Madisonburg, Mr. Adam Shafer, Sr., aged 85 years, 4 months and 24 days.

Mr. Shafer was one of the pioneer settlers of Brush Valley, and one of the oldest as well as most respected citizens of the county. He was a man of frugal and industrious habits, strictly honest in all his dealings with his neighbors and fellow men, and carries with him to an honored grave the love and veneration of the entire community. He was an excellent type of that sturdy and noble class known as the Pennsylvania Germans, who by their industry and endurance have transformed our noble old state from a wilderness to a blooming paradise.

Another aged father is gone. May his memory and example long remain fresh and green in the hearts of his many relatives and friends.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday by Gephart & Musser.

Wheat	1.25
Corn	85
Rye	90
Oats White	50
Buckwheat	
Flour	6.25
Bran & Shorts, per ton	25.00
Salt, per Brl	1.75
Plaster, ground	9.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	
Tymothyseed	2.00
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	4.00 to 5.00
Butter	30
Hams	16
Sides	9
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	15
Potatoes	1.00
Lard	12
Tallow	
Soap	6
Dried Apples	6
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$5.00
Stove "	5.20
Chestnut "	4.80
Pea	3.50
Pea by the car load	3.20

Fifty cents per ton additional when delivered in Millheim.

P. GEPHART D. A. MUSSER

GEPHART & MUSSER

DEALERS IN

Clover
Flour, &
Feed,
Coal,
Plaster
& Salt

MILLHEIM PA.,

Highest market price paid for all kinds of

GRAIN,

Delivered either at the BRICK MILL or at the old MUSSER MILL, in MILLHEIM.

COAL, PLASTER & SALT

Always on hand and sold at prices that defy competition.

A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. 39-1y

DR. J. W. STAM

is now permanently located at

MILLHEIM,

and will give prompt attention to all medic calls at his office in

C. F. Deininger's house on Main Street.

TRY DR. STAM'S SPECIFIC PILE MEDICINE—It gives instant relief.

D. H. HASTINGS,

Attorney-at-Law.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Office on Allegheny steeet, two doors west of office formerly occupied by the firm of Yocum & Hastings.

S. H. YOCUM,

Attorney-at-Law,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1865.

HOWARD A. SNOW,

SOLICITOR OF

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

PATENTS,

SUCCESSOR TO

GILMORE, SMITH & CO.,

AND

CHIPMAN, HOSMER & CO.

WASHINGTON D. C.

Patents procured upon the plan that was originated and successfully practiced by the above-named firm.

Pamphlet of sixty pages sent upon receipt of stamp.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

POTTERY

Millheim, Centre Co., Penna.

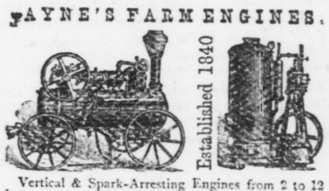
ULRICH & CO.,

PROPRIETORS,

would most respectfully inform the public that they are now prepared to manufacture everything in their line of first class quality. They have found a superior kind of clay, and will constantly keep on hand a full line of

CROCKERY, BREAD & PIE DISHES, PLAIN & FANCY FLOWER POTS, STOVE COLLARS, &c.

Hoping to merit the confidence of the public by furnishing the best grade of ware they would respectfully solicit a share of its patronage. 1y



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Rock Island, Ill.

Manufacturers of

SULKY AND GANG PLOWS,

Steel & Chilled Plows,

RIDING AND WALKING

CULTIVATORS,

Listing Plows,

COMBINED

LISTER AND CORN DRILL,

Harrows, etc., etc.

Branch Houses.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.	KANSAS CITY, Mo.
ST. PAUL, Minn.	ST. JOSEPH, Mo.
COLUMBUS, O.	MILWAUKEE, Wis.
	OMAHA, Neb.

Write for our Diary, mailed free.

PAYNE'S FARM ENGINES.

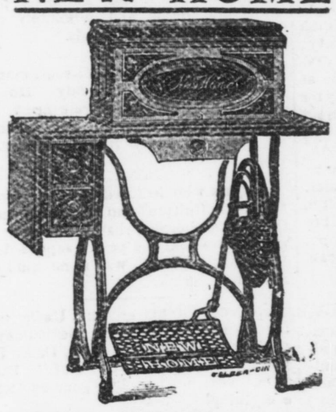
Vertical & Spark-Arresting Engines from 2 to 12 horse-power, mounted or unmounted. Best and Cheapest Engines made. $150 upwards. Send for Illustrated Catalogue U for information and price to
B. W. PAYNE & SONS,
Box 846, Corning, N. Y.

THE ONLY PERFECT

SEWING MACHINE.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING

NEW HOME



Rapidly superceding all others wherever introduced.

Pronounced by an army of happy purchasers to be the BEST.

The NEW HOME is positively The Simplest, Easiest Running, Most Reliable, and Most Durable Sewing Machine ever invented.

It operates Quickly, Quietly, and without fatigue to the operator.

Full information, Descriptive Catalogues, &c., free on application.

JOHNSON, CLARK & CO.

30 Union Square, N. Y.

And Orange, Mass.

W. H. B. EISENHUTH, Agent
Millheim, Centre Co., Pa

A THING OF BEAUTY,

IS A JOY FOREVER!

Our Large Spring Stock!!!

Comprises some of the most elegant and genteel styles of

SUITS!

We have ever offered, and while we have elevated the quality and style, we have

KEPT DOWN THE PRICE!

We have many advantages both in purchasing and handling goods, and we propose

To Give You the Benefit!

Always ahead in Low Prices and Good Goods, is what has directed the rush to our store for the past few years, and we intend to keep the crowd moving in that direction.

BY GIVING THE BEST GOODS!

And the Largest Stock to select from, with prices that no one ever beat and seldom equaled.

TRY TRADING WITH US!

AND IF YOU ARE LIKE THE REST OF MANKIND, AND WE RATHER THINK YOU ARE, YOU WILL BE PLEASED WITH THE RESULT.

WHITCOMB---CLOTHIER,

Lock Haven, Penna.

B. HARRIS,

224 Market St.,

LEWISBURG.

HAVE NO COMPETITORS.

Our first instalments of New Spring Goods are sold out, compelling us to make a Second Trip to the Eastern Cities, which goods will

Arrive during this week.

Space will not admit what Bargains we have got. Sufficient to say, with our increased business facilities our patrons will always find the Largest and Best Assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS!

Hats, Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, Feathers, Flowers, Silks, Satins, Ribbon in all New Shades, Laces, Embroideries, Dress Trimmings in endless variety, Hosiery, Gloves and Corsets, Ladies and Children's Shoes, Looking Glasses and

New Goods received every day

THROUGHOUT THE SEASON.

A Simple Fact—We can't be Undersold.

B. HARRIS,

224 Market St., Lewisburg, Pa.

MY NEW STOCK

SPRING MILLINERY

OF

Millinery Goods

is a collection from which all tastes may be suited.
It embraces a full line of

Leghorns, Chip, Tuscan, Straw,

and all the new styles and colors.

MY PRICES ARE VERY LOW!!!

Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, Untrimmed Goods, Silk Trimmings, Artificial Flowers, and everything belonging to my line. Your trade respectfully solicited.

MRS. ANNA M. WEAVER,

PENN STREET,

SPRING MILLINERY

MILLHEIM, PA.

AGRICULTURE.

TRUSTWORTHY CORNERS.—Owners of land, whether in small lots or large, are too apt to find themselves in difficulty, or leave their heirs in trouble, for want of permanent and ineffaceable landmarks showing the precise location of their properties. Sometimes a wooden post is planted, which, in the course of years, rots or becomes loose, and when looked for can be found. Stones set on the surface are by no means safe from displacement. In small lots a fence post is usually set as exactly as possible on the corner; but these lots often obtain a value which makes every inch a measure of considerable gain, or loss, and there are many uncertain inches in the sectional measure of a fencepost. A large manufacturer unwittingly put the wall of a lofty and valuable building over his line, beguiled by a displaced mark. His neighbor, a grasping 'man of business,' took advantage of this to make a costly claim, and great expense has been incurred already for surveys and legal proceedings without any settlement being yet made. This has put other neighbors to looking up and securing their "corners." A good plan lately pursued is to sink in the ground at (under) a corner a stone of some peculiar color, from a distant source, with the exact point or corner drilled or chissled. Another stone is set upon that one which reaches above the surface as an indicator or finder. If it is a fence corner, a post is set on each line three or four feet from the corner, and the rails extend to a sham post which stands upon the indicating or surface stone, and is firmly held by the rails. This leaves all tidy and perfectly safe and precise. The Winter season, during mild weather, is a favorable time for thus securing the boundary.

TO KEEP TIRES ON WHEELS.—A writer says: I ironed a wagon some years ago for my own use, and before putting on the tires I filled the felloes with linseed oil, and the tires have worn out and were never loose. I also ironed a buggy for my own use, seven years ago, and the tires are as tight as when put on. My method of filling the felloes is as follows. I use a long cast-iron heater made for the purpose. The oil is brought to a boiling heat, and the wheel is placed on a stick so as to hang in the oil. An hour is sufficient for a common-sized felloe, of which the timber should be dry, as green wood will not take oil. Care should be taken that the oil does not get hotter than the boiling heat, else the wood might be set on fire and be burned. Timber filled with oil is not susceptible to water and is much more durable. I was much amused some years ago when I told a blacksmith how to keep his tires tight by his telling me that it was a profitable business to tighten tires; and the wagonmaker will also say that it is a profitable business to him to repair wheels, but what will the farmer, who helps support the wheelwright and smith, say?

MUCH interest has been revived in regard to the question whether the trunks of trees elongate after being once formed. Careful science has long since decided, by evidence that satisfies every one familiar with the experiments, that there is no such elongation. The fact, however, that at times branches will rise several inches, or even a foot or two, in a number of years is so generally believed by people—all of whom could scarcely err—has led to re-investigation. It is now found that tree-trunks may be elevated, though not stretched. Trees on rocks, by the additions of woody matter to main roots, will be lifted by just so much growth as takes place on the under surface; and Dr. Lapham, of Milwaukee, shows that in many cases trees are gradually raised by frost, so that in time they may be as much as a foot higher than they were when the first tiers of branches were formed. This is an excellent illustration how the people may often be right in regard to popular observation, and yet science not be necessarily wrong. In this case both "science" and "the people" had to learn from each other.

So far as the Department of Agriculture has been able to obtain information on the subject, 181,583 acres of of land in the United States are devoted to the culture of the grape, giving a production of 25,453,827 gallons of wine, of an estimated value of $18,426,174. California leads in respect to both the area planted and the quantity of production, while the industry is not so concentrated anywhere east of the Rocky Mountains in that State. Yet, while California produces three or four million gallons more than all the other States, the value of the crops of the latter is, in consequence of their greater accessibility to the market, more than twice as great as that of the crop of California.

DRY road dirt is an excellent absorbent. A few barrels of it should always be kept in a dry place for use when the weather is damp or the ground frozen. It should be free from gravel. If used with hen manure and plaster it is a good preventive. Used in the privy it absorbs the liquid contents, and removes the unpleasant odors. It can be dusted freely from the floors of poultry houses and stables or mixed with liquid manures.

WE find the following in an English publication, and reprint it simply to show how well it agrees with our own views here on the same subject:—"Butter, cream, milk and flour are peculiarly liable to absorb effluvia, and should therefore never be kept in mouldy rooms or places where there are sour liquids or green vegetables, such as onions, cabbages and turnips, smoked fish or bacon, or any kind of food of a strong flavor.

WHENEVER possible, set turkey eggs under a turkey hen. She sticks very closely to the nest, rarely coming off, even to feed. Unlike the eggs of other fowls, the eggs of the turkey will not bear much variation of temperature, and they must never become chilled. When a turkey leaves her nest, see that she is cooped in a dry location, as the slightest dampness is injurious to the young ones. They are also very sensitive to filth.

THE best treatment for a mare in foal is to give her moderate exercise daily, care being taken against overexertion. The food should be good clover and timothy hay, well cut and salted, ground oats and a bran mash, mixed with potatoes or other roots. Feed some corn or meal, but not too much, in order to guard against milk fever. See that the colt promptly relieves the udder as soon as possible after birth.

ANYBODY can have grapevines by cutting them properly. Trim off a portion of the old vine and leave a bud at each end. Stick one end in the ground and it will take root.

GRAY bodies properly selected as to height of tone, when contiguous to colored bodies, exhibit the phenomena of contrast of color more strikingly that either black or white substances do.

HEDGES are ornamental and useful but if they are left to take care of themselves they serve as harbors for weeds, obnoxious grasses and insects.

EXAMINE the farm implements now. Where grease has become hardened with dust it may be removed with kerosene.

A Picture Worth Beholding.

Hanging between two small windows, and catching the light from a larger one opposite, in one of the offices of Adams Express Company, at 59 Broadway, New York—the office occupied by Mr. W. H. Hall, head of the delivery department—is a plainly finished but neatly framed chromo about 2½ by 3 feet in size, which is looked upon by hundreds of people daily, on many of whom it has a wonderful and salutary effect. It represents a flight of half a dozen rough stone steps leading from the swarded bank of a placid lake to a little rustic temple set in the rugged side of the mountain which rises in stupendous proportions in the background all covered with a rank luxuriant growth of foliage in brush and tree. In the open door of this little temple stands a half concealed figure, with an arm and hand extended, holding forth a small, dimly defined package, while seated on the sward at the foot of the steps an aged pilgrim, barefooted, lame and decrepid, bears a staff in one hand, and in the other holds before his dim eyes a small bottle, whose label he eagerly scans. This label bears the words "St. Jacobs Oil, the Great German Remedy." Simple as this little chromo appears in its unostentatious position, it has an influence which it would be difficult to estimate. "It is to that picture and the persuasions of Mr. Hall," suit Mr. Edward J. Douglass, a gentleman connected with Mr. Hall's department "that I owe my present ability to perform my work. Some weeks ago I was violently attacked with sciatic rheumatism, and hour by hour I grew worse, and nothing my family or the doctor could do gave me any relief. I began to think in a few days that my case was hopeless and that I was doomed to be an invalid and hopeless cripple for life. But at last I thought of that picture which I had so often looked at with but little interest, and then Mr. Hall came to my bedside, and telling me how St. Jacobs Oil had cured him of a worse and longer standing case than mine, urged me to use the same remedy. I did so that very night, directing my wife not to spare it but to apply it thoroughly according to the directions; this she did with a large piece of flannel cloth saturated with the Oil, and then bound the cloth to the affected parts. The next morning I was free from pain, and although a little sore in the hip, was able to dress myself, and the next day resumed my duties in the office as sound as a dollar. Here I am now in full health and strength, having had no touch of rheumatism or other pain since. Whenever I see one of our drivers or any other person who shows any symptoms of lameness or stiffness, I point him to the picture in Mr. Hall's office, and then direct him to go for St. Jacobs Oil at once." —*N. Y. Evening Telegraph.*

SOLE NORMANDE.—Use a good sized flounder; clean it and take off the skin, cutting off the fin part. Place it, with a piece of butter, in a pan that will hold it entirely; season it with some parsley, thyme, and a chopped onion, add to it a glass of white wine and one of bouillon, put in the quarter of a grated nutmeg, a dozen oysters, and as many mussels; the oysters and mussels must be stewed slightly beforehand. Cook the fish, having covered it, until it is three-quarters done; then take out the fish and place it in the dish in which it is to be cooked; put again some butter on the fish, place the oysters and mussels around it, and pour a sauce on it made as follows: Take some small pieces of ham and veal, and *saute* them in butter; do not let them brown too much, add to them a half tablespoonful of flour, add some bouillon or an onion, with some sliced carrots; stir it all well; when it is cooked thicken it with the yellow of two eggs; take away all the solid parts of the sauce. Turn this sauce over the fish. Garnish the dish with some small cubes of bread fried in butter; add a half-dozen small mushrooms; fry some very small fish, as smelts, and add them to the dish, placing them round the dish. Let the whole cook with not too hot a fire.

TO BOIL RICE SAVANNAH FASHION.—Take one pound of rice and pick it thoroughly to get out black seeds or red rice. Put on the fire in a porcelain or tin-lined pot, three quarts of water, with two even tablespoonfuls of salt. Let the water come to a boil. Now wash the rice in three waters. The reason for this is to get rid of the pulverized rice flour which adheres to the grain. This is a necessity; otherwise the rice never will be dry. Throw the rice in the water when it is at the full boil. Let the rice boil rapidly for 20 minutes. Put the cover on and drain the water entirely off. Cover the pot, shake well, and put on the back of the stove, where it is not too hot, for 15 minutes. This evaporates any of the water. Shake the rice into the dish you wish to serve it in. Never use a spoon. Rice should never be glutinous. The Ghoul that ate rice grain by grain in the "Arabian Nights" ate properly cooked rice.

Moses How, Esq., of Haverhill, Mass., strongly indorses St. Jacobs Oil for rheumatism, etc., from the observation of its effects in his factory as also in his own family—so we see from one of our Massachusetts exchanges. — *Bridgeport (Conn.) Standard.*

MOCK CREAM FOR COFFEE.—Heat one quart new milk, work together a dessert spoonful of butter and a teaspoonful of flour, thin it with a little of the hot milk, add the mixture to the milk, and beat it five minutes while boiling, then remove from the fire and beat five minutes longer, have ready two yolks of eggs beaten lightly and add them to the cream while hot; mix well and strain it through a sieve; afterward beat until very light.

DRIED FLOUR FOR INFANTS.—Take one teacupful of flour, tie it up tightly in a close muslin bag, and put it in a pot of cold water and boil three hours; then take it out and dry the outside. When used, grate it. One tablespoonful is enough for one teacupful of milk (which would be better with a little water); wet the flour with a little cold water and stir into the milk; add a very little salt and boil five minutes.

AN OYSTER OMELETTE.—Take fifteen to eighteen good sized oysters, chop them, and mix with as much flour as you can take up in a teaspoon; add milk enough to make it the consistency of cream into which you have melted two ounces of butter, stir in six well beaten eggs with pepper and salt to taste, pour all in a hot pan well buttered, and fry and fold like an ordinary omelette.

APPLE POT PIE.—Make crust with teaspoonful yeast powder; line the sides of the pot after greasing. Cut your apples into small pieces, put in thick layers, with sugar and molasses, a little salt or butter, grated nutmeg, then spread on some thin crust, and so on till full. Pour in two cups boiling water and boil one hour. This is a good dessert for a chowder dinner.

COLORING KID GLOVES.—White kid may easily be colored black, purple or lilac, with a solution of one part extract logwood and three parts brandy. Apply with a sponge and rub thoroughly dry, and keep rubbing the hands together so as to soften the gloves.

HUMOROUS.

A GOOD country parson preached a series of sermons on practical morality, and very interesting and instructive they were. A lad in the village who had heard only one of them was coming out of an orchard one day, his pockets bulging out with stolen fruit. He met the parson, who noticed his efforts to conceal the evidences of his guilt. "Have you been stealing apples?" asked the minister. "Yes," answered the boy sheepishly. "And you are trying to hide them from me?" continued the good man. "Yes, sir," said the culprit brightening up, "You said last Sunday that we must avoid the appearance of evil."

Almost Young Again.

"My mother was afflicted a long time with Neuralgia and a dull, heavy inactive condition of the whole system; headache, nervous prostration, and was almost helpless. No physicians or medicines did her any good. Three months ago she began to use Hop Bitters, with such good effect that she seems and fell young again, although over 70 years old. We think there is no other medicine fit to use in the family."—A lady, in Providence, R. I.

AN EASY ONE.—A witness in a case in court the other day, was asked whether he had much experience in and knew the cost of feeding cattle, and to give his estimate of the cost of feeding a cow, to which he replied: "My father before me kept a dairy. I have had a great deal of experience in bying and selling and keeping cattle as man and boy, in the dairy business for fifty years. I think my long experience has qualified me to know as well as any man can the cost of keeping and feeding cattle."

"Well," broke in the attorney, impatiently, "tell us the cost of keeping a cow."

"Well, sir, my experience, after fifty years in the business, is that it costs—well, it depends entirely on how much you feed the cow."

"Mother has Recovered,"

wrote an Illinois girl to her Eastern relatives "She took bitters for a long time but without any good. So when she heard of the virtues of Kidney-Wort she got a box and it has completely cured her, so that she can do as much work now as she could before we moved West. Since she has got well everyone about here is taking it." See adv.

A CITIZEN of moderate views, who happened to be present at a banquet of French radicals, was talking politics with his neighbor—an extremist from the word go—and with indignation recalled the massacre of Dominican monks at Arcueil.

"All that," coolly replied the radical, "is the fault of the priests."

"What! the fault of the priests!"

"Certainly, if there weren't any, nobody could shoot them!"

Increase and Decrease.

The census show that the proportion of voters to the population is 1 to 5 74 100. The proportion of persons troubled with kidney and liver disorders has been alarmingly increasing, but since the almost universal use of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure these diseases are rapidly diminishing.

A MAN who quit keeping a diary, because he never could find anything to write in it, was the next day run over by a cart, beaten out of three dollars on a dog trade, blackguarded by a fishwife and drawn on a jury. He will resume the diary.

A NERVOUS Chicago man had a tooth pulled the other day, and as he came bounding out of the dentist's chair into a room where half a dozen other patients sat, he inspired them with with terror by anxiously howling, "Am I all here? Will some one please take a census for me?"

What is beautiful? Why, Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, as now improved and perfected. Clear as spring water, delightfully perfumed, and will not soil the finest linen fabric—a perfect toilet preparation and absolutely makes the hair grow on bald heads.

THEY are telling of a Missouri man who has twelve bullets in his body. He must have been in the Confederate army. The Federal surgeons would have taken him all apart for much less inducement than that.

A LADY who lectured in Deadwood on "Esthetic Culture" and was astonished at the immense crowd that turned out, until she learned that the people supposed that "Esthetic Culture" was some kind of a new mixed drink.

SO MUCH to his credit: Uncle (bringing his nephew home for the holidays)—"Glad to see you home again, Dick. Hope you have spent less this half." Dick—"Oh, yes, uncle; I've gone on tick for everything!"

"Say, Susan, have you lost your appetite? Are you weak and nervous? If so, 'Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher is what you want.

"WHEN Bessie is swinging in the sun light, singing merrily the while," sings the *Port Jervis Gazette* in jingling numbers, "the gleam of her striped stockings can be seen about a mile." It is our opinion that this is both an exaggeration and a poetic license.

A CHICAGO belle, while traveling through Rhode Island, put her ear out of the window to hear the distant roar of the ocean, and all the fowls of the State went to roost, and the cattle turned homeward.

A LADY engaged to be married, and getting sick of her bargain, applied to a friend to help her untie the knot before it was too late. "Oh, certainly," she replied, "It is very easy to untie it now, while it is a beau-knot."

Vegetine thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

IT is not right to make game of a young man who fellows the swamps all day without bagging a bird.

LITTLE Harry cut his finger while at play, and screamed, "Hurry up—hurry up, mamma, I'm leakin'!"

IDEAL Youth—"Can you call the baker a loafer?" "You can, and the baker can give you a belt in the jaw.

"ANOTHER lie nailed," as the wag remarked when the merchant tacked up a sign, "At cost."

IN a game of cards a good deal depends on good playing, and good playing depends on a good deal.

SHIP captains ought to be good dancers, because they are skippers.

WHAT maintains one vice would bring up two children.

RICH dentist (who is contemplating the erection of a fine residence)—What style of architecture would you recommend?"

Architect—Seeing it's you, I should think Tuscan would be about the thing.

Everybody should note the fact that the best remedy known for Coughs, Colds etc. is Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price only 25 cents a bottle.

FREEZING politeness frequently consists in giving a man the cold shoulder.

THE ONE GREAT MEDICINE.

Without doubt there are now, and have been for years past, several medicines of remarkable merit before the public—medicines which have been used, in very many cases, with excellent success. The names of these will readily recur to our readers, and they are the names of preparations whose worth, for certain purposes, no one is supposed to deny. But we are fully justified, by undeniable and notorious facts, in saying, and we do unhesitatingly say, that the one great medicine of the present day—the medicine, we mean, which now stands pre-eminent above all others—is the famous VEGETINE of Mr. H. R. Stevens of Boston. Some of the undeniable facts respecting this famous medicine are these:

First, it is astonishingly efficient in really curing the various diseases for which it is especially compounded and intended.

Second, it acts with a celerity which is generally very surprising. A single bottle has often either cured the user of a serious difficulty, or brought about a most agreeable change, while a very few bottles have in thousands of instances affected the complete cure of a long standing disease which had previously baffled the skill of the best physicians.

Third, it acts directly upon the blood, of which it is the only powerful and thorough purifier.

Fourth, the testimonials in support of these facts and the extraordinary worth of this medicine are from well-known and most respectable men and women, and, in many instances, from persons holding the highest social positions. They are not certificates from unknown and irresponsible individuals. We, ourselves, know the very high estimation in which Vegetine is held in one of the best families in the city.

There is, in short, and can be, no doubt or mistake whatever about the unprecedented and surprising efficacy, value and success of the Vegetine. As a purifier of the blood and a quick renovator and invigorator of the human system, physical and mental, no medicine, as is now generally conceded, has ever been devised and compounded at all equal to it; and, as a speedy and thorough cure for such complaints as catarrh, cough, stomach weakness and faintness, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, cancerous humors, scrofula, rheumatism, kidney and some other equally serious complaints, Vegetine altogether surpasses any and all other known medicinal preparations. The rapidity with which this great medicine has won its way into all parts of this country and various foreign ones since its discovery and introduction, not many years ago, is something alike surprising and confirmatory of its intrinsic excellence.—Providence, (R. I.) Gazette.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

Dr BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

PILES ANAKESIS

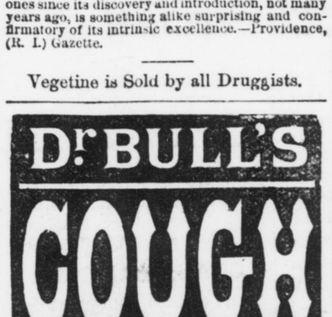
Dr. S. Silsbee's External Pile Remedy

Gives instant relief and is an infallible

CURE FOR ALL KINDS OF PILES.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, $1.00 per box prepaid by mail. Samples sent *free* to Physicians and all sufferers, by P. Neustaedter & Co., Box 3946, New York City. Sole manufacturers of "*Anakesis*."

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED



STOMACH BITTERS

For a quarter of a century or more Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been the reigning specific for indigestion, dyspepsia, fever and ague, a loss of physical stamina, liver complaint and other disorders, and has been most emphatically indorsed by medical men as a health and strength restorative. It counteracts a tendency to premature decay, and sustains and comforts the aged and infirm.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

BEATTY'S

ORGANS

Beatty's BEETHOVEN Organ contains 10 full sets Golden Tongue Reeds, 27 STOPS, Walnut or Ebonized Case, 5 Octaves, Metal Foot Plates, Upright Bellows, Steel Springs, Lamp Stands, Pocket for music, Handles and Rollers for moving, Beatty's Patent Stop Action, a NEW AND NOVEL REEDBOARD (patented) will give as much music as 14 COMMON ORGANS. No other maker dare build this organ (it is patented.) ENORMOUS SUCCESS. Sales over 1000 a month, demand increasing. Factory working DAY and by 300 Edison's Electric Lights at NIGHT to fill orders.

Price, Boxed, Delivered on board Cars here, Stool, Book, &c., only $90

If after one year's use you are not satisfied return Organ, will promptly refund money with interest.

COME AND EXAMINE THE INSTRUMENT

in person. Five Dollars ($5) allowed to pay expenses if you buy; come anyway, you are welcome. Free Coach with polite attendants meets all trains. Other Organs $30, $40, $50 up. Pianofortes $125 to $1000.

Beautiful Illustrated Catalogue free.

Please Address or call upon

DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey.

CARD COLLECTORS—A handsome set of cards for 2-cent stamp. A. G. BARNETT, Rochester, N. Y.

YOUNG MEN If you want to learn Telegraphy in a few months, and be certain of a situation, address VALENTINE BROS, Janesville, Wisconsin.

OPIUM & MORPHINE A Treatise on their EATING speedy cure SENT FREE. DR. J. C. HOFFMAN, P. O. Box 138, Chicago, Ill.

TRUTH IS MIGHTY. Prof. MARTINEZ, the Great Spanish Seer, Astrologer and Psychologist, will, for 50 cents, with age, height, color of eyes and lock of hair, send a CORRECT PICTURE of your future husband or wife, with name, time and place of meeting, and date of marriage, psychologically predicted. Money returned to all not satisfied. Address Prof. L. Martinez, 10 Mont'y Pl., Boston, Mass.

In some of our Southern exchanges we find mention made of a new material suited to the manufacture of bagging and rope. The plant is known pretty generally in the central Southern States as bear-grass and farther south as the Spanish dagger. It belongs to the yucca family, which contains about a dozen varieties, all stout and tough in leaf and fibre, and is known as a beautiful and abundant bloomer. In Kentucky and Tennessee bear-grass has been used for hanging up meat in smokehouses ever since those States began to become settled. According to one journal the yucca plant, or this variety of it, is omnipresent everywhere in the South below 40 degrees north latitude, and if what is claimed for it is true, it furnishes another important item in the great resources of that section of the Union. The fibre is represented as being strong as hemp, and almost as indestructible as iron, except by fire. Its advantages are briefly summed up as follows: The plant grows more than one hundred years, loses less than one-tenth in cleaning, gives the strongest coarse fibre in the world, will not shrink when it gets wet in rope, yields largely, requires no cultivation after the third year, is worth ten to fifteen cents per pound when cleaned, and grows spontaneously everywhere south of thirty-one degrees.

Our Grandmothers

taught their daughters that "a stitch in time saves nine." A pill in time saves not only nine, but oftentimes an incalculable amount of suffering as well. An occasional dose of Dr. Pierce's Pellets (Little Sugar-coated Pills), to cleanse the stomach and bowels, not only prevents diseases but often breaks up sudden attacks, when taken in time. By druggists.

The curious phenomenon of phosphorescent ice, observed in the arctic regions, has been discovered by Mr. J. Allen. Whenever the observer saw a lump of ice shattered at night by a vessel carrying him he perceived a peculiar light emitted by the frozen fragments. The light is very much like that produced by breaking a piece of sugar in the dark.

Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" perfectly and permanently cures those diseases peculiar to females. It is tonic and nervine, effectually allaying and curing those sickening sensations that affect the stomach and heart through reflex action. The back ache, and "dragging-down" sensations all disappear under the strengthening effects of this great restorative. By druggists.

GIRLS should be careful how they are vaccinnated with virus taken from a lover's arm. One at St. Paul has taken to swearing, sitting cross-legged, and smoking a brier root pipe.

A CINCINNATI lady disguised herself as a book agent and made twenty-six calls at different offices. She says she had no idea that old gray-headed men could tell such sweet lies and be so deceiving.

For weak lungs, spitting of blood, weak stomach, night-sweats, and the early stages of Consumpsion, "Golden Medical Discovery" is specific. By druggists.

A PENNSYLVANIA woman has sued the dentist who dislocated her jaw for $5,000. If the commercial worth of a female jaw is $5,000, no wonder man fails to estimate the true value of a woman.

AN advertisement reads: "Wanted—A young man to be partially out-doors and partly behind the counter." A wag asks: "What shall be the result when the door slams?"

His Last Dose.

Said a suffer from kidney troubles, when asked to try Kidney-Wort. "I'll try it but it will be my last dose." The man got well, and is now recommending the remedy to all.

When derangement of the stomach acts upon the kidneys and liver bringing disease and pain, Kidney-Wort is the true remedy. It removes the cause and cures the disease. Liquid (very concentrated) or dry act equally efficiently.—*Am. Cultivator.*

"MINNIE, I wish you would not give milk to your kitten on the carpet." Minnie—"Don't disturb her. She is on her first lap."

Young ladies who wish to have small mouths are advised to repeat this at frequent intervals during the day: "Fanny Finch fried five floundering frogs for Francis Fowler's father."

Get Out Doors.

The close confinement of all factory work, gives the operatives pallid faces, poor appetite, languid, miserable feelings poor blood, inactive liver, kidneys and urinary troubles, and all the physicians and medicine in the world cannot help them unless they get out of doors or use Hop Bitters, the purest and best remedy, especially for such cases, having abundance of health, sunshine and rosy cheeks in them. They cost but a trifle.

THERE is always an irrepressible conflict going on in one's mind when he sees a small boy taking his first smoke, as to whether the boy is smoking the cigar, or the cigar is smoking the boy.

THE round, innocent and trusting face of the pumpkin again beams on the murderous approaches of the housewife, with her carving knife in hand.

Allen's Brain Food.

Cures Nervous Debility and Weakness of Generative Organs, $1—all druggists. Send for circular. Allen's Pharmacy, 213 First av. N. Y.

A PILLAR of the church, to be of any service, should like, any other pillar, have capital.

THE manner of the man who shrinks from responding to a sentiment offered at the festive board partakes of quail on toast.

All who suffer from malaria of any kind will find a sure cure in "Sellers' Liver Pills." 25 cents a box.

LANDLUBBERS "double the horn," often er than sailors do, and yet the latter come up groggy.

WHENEVER a doctor visits a cemetery he sees the figure of patients on several monuments smiling at grief.

Don't Die in the House.

Ask Druggists for "Rough on Rats." It clears out rats mice, bed-bugs, roaches, vermin, flies, ants, insects. 15c. per box.

Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer is the marvel of the age for all nerve diseases. All fits stopped free. Send to 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MESSRS. MORGAN & HEADLY, Mutual Building, Tenth and Chestnut streets, have on hand a superb stock of extra fine quality Diamonds, which they offer at as low prices as stones of the first quality, perfect alike in color and shape, can be sold.

Rupture!

FEARFUL AILMENTS ARISING FROM RUPTURE AND TRUSSES.

RUPTURE BECOMES INFLAMED AND STRANGULATED, the early symptoms of which are colic pains, rumbling in the bowels, great anxiety, and when reaching its full stage, equaled by the horrors of hydrophobia.

RUPTURE AND TRUSSES CAUSE EVENTUAL NERVOUS DEBILITY, impaired memory and indifference to amusements and stirring recreation, necessarily conducive to health and the prolongation of life.

RUPTURE AND TRUSSES CAUSE KIDNEY AND BLADDER AFFECTIONS, among the most deplorable of which is Bright's Disease of the Kidneys and depressed and irritated condition of the bladder, some of the premonitory symptoms of which are occasional lassitude, drowsiness, backache, frequent disposition to urinate, and increasing indifference and inability to the social enjoyments of life.

RUPTURE AND TRUSSES cause gradual and imperceptible undermining of the constitution, impairing the digestive functions, and thereby inducing fevers of the worst type.

RUPTURE AND TRUSSES tax the energies and capacities of man to a greater or less extent in every stage of life, both in his physicial and social relations and mental devotions, and in the physical and mental pursuance of his business. In a word, it makes a man less than a man, and when, from one or the other of the foregoing afflictions he begins to realize his mortifying condition, he indeed becomes a creature of commiseration.

The cure of rupture is effected by Sherman's method without an operation, simply by external local applications, both mechanical and medicinal, made daily by the patient, who can perform any kind of labor during treatment with safety from the danger of inflamed rupture, and without interfering with the cure.

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No matter by what name the complaint may be designated, whether it be Scrofula, Consumption, Syphilis, Ulcers, Sores, Tumors, Boils, Erysipelas, or Salt-Rheum, diseases of the Lungs, Kidneys Bladder, Womb, Skin, Liver, Stomach or Bowels, either chronic or constitutional, the virus of the disease is in the BLOOD which supplies the waste, and builds and repairs these organs and wasted tissues of the system. If the blood is unhealthy, the process of repair must be unsound.

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One bottle contains more of the active principles of Medicines than any other Preparation, taken in teaspoonful doses, while others require five or six times as much.

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Only requires MINUTES not HOURS, to relieve pain and cure acute disease.

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All remedial agents capable of destroying life by an overdose should be avoided. Morphine, opium, strychnine, arnica, hyoscianus, and other powerful remedies, do at certain times, in very small doses, relieve the patient during their action in the system. But perhaps the second dose, if repeated, may aggravate and increase the suffering, and another dose cause death. There is no necessity for using these uncertain agents when a positive remedy like Radway's Ready Relief will stop the most excruciating pain quicker, without entailing the least difficulty in either infant or adult.

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